

DNA tests

DNA - prcd-PRA

Hereditary Clear

Test performed on 10 May 2014; aged 0 years, 0 months

DNA - CNM

Hereditary Clear

Test performed on 10 May 2014; aged 0 years, 0 months

DNA - EIC

Hereditary Clear

Test performed on 10 May 2014; aged 0 years, 0 months

DNA - SD2

Hereditary Clear

Test performed on 10 May 2014; aged 0 years, 0 months

Screening schemes

BVA/KC/ISDS Eye Scheme

Unaffected

Test performed on 18 July 2015; aged 1 years, 2 months

Unaffected

Test performed on 14 July 2019; aged 5 years, 2 months

Unaffected

Test performed on 16 July 2016; aged 2 years, 2 months

Unaffected

Test performed on 15 July 2017; aged 3 years, 2 months

Unaffected

Test performed on 15 July 2018; aged 4 years, 2 months

Unaffected

Test performed on 20 August 2020; aged 6 years, 3 months

BVA/KC Hip Dysplasia

Left score: 5

Right score: 5

Total score: 10

Test performed on 24 June 2015; aged 1 years, 1 months

BVA/KC Elbow Dysplasia

Left score: 0

Right score: 0

Total score: 0

Test performed on 24 June 2015; aged 1 years, 1 months

Inbreeding coefficient

Coefficient of Inbreeding (Col)

Inbreeding coefficient for FLASHMOUNT GALLIOT is 6.6%

25 generations available of which 8 are complete

Breed average Col 6.6%

+ COI Description

Estimated Breeding Values (EBVs)

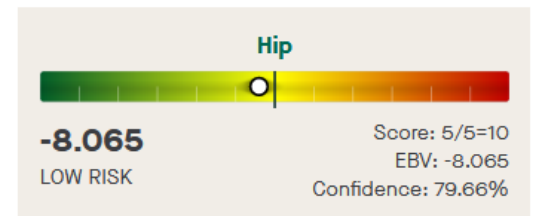
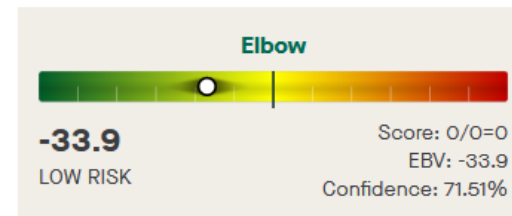
Our estimated breeding values (EBVs) predict whether a dog is more or less likely to have, and pass on genes, related to hip/elbow dysplasia. EBVs link the information about dog's family with data from the BVA/KC health schemes. They tell us how the individual dog compares to the rest of the breed:

- A dog with an EBV that is a minus number has a lower than average risk of having genes linked to hip/elbow dysplasia
- The higher the EBV (the further towards the red), the higher the risk
- The confidence reflects how much data was used to calculate the EBV

Genes increase or decrease the chances of a dog developing hip/elbow dysplasia, but the overall health of the dog's joints is also affected by lifestyle, diet, exercise etc.

EBV Breeding advice: Ideally breeders should use dogs that have an EBV which is lower than average (i.e. a minus number) and preferably with a confidence rating of at least 60%.

Find out more about [Estimated Breeding Values](#) and what your results mean.



DNA tests

DNA - EIC

Hereditary Clear

Test performed on 02 July 2018; aged 0 years, 0 months

DNA - CNM

Hereditary Clear

Test performed on 02 July 2018; aged 0 years, 0 months

DNA - SD2

Hereditary Clear

Test performed on 02 July 2018; aged 0 years, 0 months

DNA - prcd-PRA

Hereditary Clear

Test performed on 02 July 2018; aged 0 years, 0 months

Screening schemes

BVA/KC/ISDS Eye Scheme

Unaffected

Test performed on 22 January 2019; aged 0 years, 6 months

Unaffected

Test performed on 21 February 2020; aged 1 years, 7 months

BVA/KC Hip Dysplasia

Left score: 5

Right score: 3

Total score: 8

Test performed on 07 August 2019; aged 1 years, 1 months

BVA/KC Elbow Dysplasia

Left score: 0

Right score: 0

Total score: 0

Test performed on 07 August 2019; aged 1 years, 1 months

Inbreeding coefficient

Coefficient of Inbreeding (CoI)

Inbreeding coefficient for TULLYAH MO OF WEDGNOCK is 9.8%

23 generations available of which 9 are complete

Breed average CoI 6.6%

+ COI Description

Estimated Breeding Values (EBVs)

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